

General Assembly

Substitute	Bill No.	1181
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January Session, 2005

_____SB01181GL____031505____

AN ACT CONCERNING THE POSTING OF PRICES ON RETAIL END CAPS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 21a-79 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3 (a) For the purposes of this section (1) "consumer commodity" and 4 "unit of a consumer commodity" have the same meaning as in section 5 21a-73, except that consumer commodity does not include alcoholic 6 liquor, as defined in subdivision (3) of section 30-1, or a carbonated soft drink container; (2) "carbonated soft drink container" means an 8 individual, separate, sealed glass, metal or plastic bottle, can, jar or 9 carton containing a carbonated liquid soft drink sold separately or in 10 packages of not more than twenty-four individual containers; (3) 11 "universal product coding" means any system of coding that entails 12 electronic pricing; (4) an electronic shelf labeling system is an 13 electronic system that utilizes an electronic device attached to the shelf 14 or at any other point of sale, immediately below or above the item, that 15 conspicuously and clearly displays to the consumer the unit price and 16 the price of the consumer commodity. Such electronic shelf labeling 17 system reads the exact same data as the electronic cash register 18 scanning system; and (5) an electronic pricing system is a system that 19 utilizes the universal product coding bar code by means of a scanner in 20 combination with the cash register to record and total a customer's 21 purchases.

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- (b) (1) (A) Any person, firm, partnership, association or corporation that utilizes universal product coding in totaling a retail customer's purchases shall mark or cause to be marked each consumer commodity that bears a Universal Product Code with its retail price.
- (B) Any person, firm, partnership, association or corporation that utilizes an electronic pricing system in totaling a retail consumer's purchases shall provide each consumer with an item-by-item digital display, plainly visible to the consumer as each universal pricing code is scanned, of the price of each consumer commodity or carbonated soft drink container, or both, selected for purchase by such consumer prior to accepting payment from such consumer for such commodity or container. The provisions of this subparagraph do not apply to any person, firm, partnership, association or corporation operating in a retail sales area of not more than ten thousand square feet.
- (2) The provisions of subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply if: (A) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection, by regulation, allows for the utilization of electronic shelf labeling systems; (B) a retailer is granted approval to utilize an electronic shelf labeling system by the commissioner; (C) the retailer has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the commissioner that such electronic shelf labeling system is supported by an electronic pricing system that utilizes universal product coding in totaling a retail customer's purchases; and (D) the retailer has received approval for such an electronic pricing system by the commissioner.
- (3) The provisions of subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply if: (A) The retailer has met the conditions of subdivision (2) of this subsection; and (B) the retailer has received permission by the commissioner to suspend implementation of the electronic pricing system for a period not to exceed thirty days in order to allow the retailer or an agent acting on behalf of the retailer to reset, remodel, repair or otherwise modify such system at the retail establishment.

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- (4) Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection, consumer commodities that are offered for sale and that are located on an end cap display within the retail sales area are not subject to any requirement for the utilization of an electronic shelf labeling system, provided any information that would have been available to a consumer with the use of an electronic shelf labeling system is clearly and conspicuously posted on or adjacent to such end cap. For purposes of this subdivision, "end cap display" means the location in the retail sales area that is at the immediate end of an aisle.
- [(4)] (5) Consumer commodities that are advertised in a publiclycirculated printed form as being offered for sale at a reduced price for a minimum seven-day period need not be individually marked at such reduced retail price, provided such consumer commodities are individually marked with their regular retail price and a conspicuous sign is adjacent to such consumer commodities, which sign discloses: (A) The reduced retail price and its unit price; and (B) a statement that the item will be electronically priced at the reduced price by the cashier.
- [(5)] (6) If a consumer commodity is offered for sale at a reduced price, in accordance with subdivision [(4)] (5) of this subsection and its electronic price is higher than the reduced price on the sign that is adjacent to the consumer commodity, then one item of such consumer commodity shall be given to the consumer upon demand at no cost. A conspicuous sign shall adequately disclose to the consumer that in the event the electronic price is higher than the reduced retail price, one item of such consumer commodity shall be given to the customer upon demand at no cost.
- (c) (1) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, concerning the marking of prices and use of universal product coding on each unit of a consumer commodity.
- (2) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may adopt

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regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, designating not more than twelve consumer commodities that need not be marked in accordance with subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section and specifying the method of providing adequate disclosure to consumers to insure that the electronic pricing of the designated consumer commodities is accurate. The commissioner may establish by regulation methods to protect consumers against electronic pricing errors of such designated consumer commodities and to insure that the electronic prices of such designated consumer commodities are accurate. Among the methods that the commissioner may consider are conditions similar to those set forth in subdivision [(4)] (5) of subsection (b) of this section.

(d) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection, after providing notice and conducting a hearing in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, may issue a warning citation or impose a civil penalty of not more than one hundred dollars for the first offense and not more than five hundred dollars for each subsequent offense on any person, firm, partnership, association or corporation that violates any provision of subsection (b) of this section or any regulation adopted pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. Any person, firm, partnership, association or corporation that violates any provision of subsection (b) of this section or any regulation adopted pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars for the first offense nor more than one thousand dollars for each subsequent offense. Each violation with respect to all units of a particular consumer commodity on any single day shall be deemed a single offense.

This act sha sections:	all take effect as follow	rs and shall amend the following
Section 1	from passage	21a-79

GL Joint Favorable Subst.

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